

## E-JUST's Sample Entrance Exam

## Faculty of Engineering

Subject: Physics

Time: 1 hour

Student	
Name:	••
Application ID No:	

**Undergraduate Entrance Examination Instructions** 

- 1. Examinees will be provided with question booklet and answer sheet.
- 2. Questions are on both the front and back of the page.
- 3. Question booklet contains scratch papers for use in solving exams.
- 4. Answer ALL questions to the best of your abilities. Be sure to write legibly and choose your answers clearly using HB or B pencil, not pen.
- 5. Question booklet will be collected back.

## Choose the right answer:

1.	The force exerted by an ideal spring is a conservative force, and			
		rertical forces do no work, so the total mechanical energy of		
		ystem is		
	(A)			
	(B)	infinity "∞"		
	(C)	zero		
	(D)	none of the above		
2.	Laser beam with initial diameter 3 mm and intensity (I). At a distance of 13 m from the source, its intensity and diameter will			
	(A)	increase		
	(B)	decrease		
	(C)	overlap		
	(D)	all of the above		
3.	The energy of a photon is			
	(A)	constant		
	(B)	dependent on its mass		
	(C)	dependent on its wavelength		
	(D)	none of the above		
4.	shou	der to reduce current in an electric circuit, a resistor $R$ ld be connected in the circuit. In this case $R$ will be		
	(A)	>0		
	(B)	<0		
	(C)	=0		
	(D)	none of the above		
5.	Inter	raction between the constituents of atom follows		
	signi	ficantly,		
	(A)	general gravitational law and Coulomb's law		
	(B)	Coulomb's law but not the general gravitational law		
	(C)	general gravitational law but not Coulomb's law		
	(D)	none of the above		
6.	Whe	n the north-pole end of a bar magnet is held near to a		
	posit	ively charged piece of plastic. The plastic will be		
	(A)	attracted to the magnet		
	(B)	repelled away from the magnet		
	(C)	rotate around the magnet		



7.		average value of an alternating current (AC) which passe ugh a wire connected to a power supply of $220~ m V$ is		
	(A)	$220~\mathrm{A}$		
	(B)	infinity		
	(C)	zero		
	(D)	none of the above		
8.		electric force acting on a neutron in magnetic field, moving endicular to the magnetic field direction, is		
	(A)	in the same direction of the magnetic field		
	(B)	in the opposite direction of the magnetic field		
	(C)	zero		
	(D)	none of the above		
9.	Since radiation is an electromagnetic wave, then according to classical physics, it was expected that the radiation intensity increases when its frequency			
	(A)	decreases		
	(B)	increases		
	(C)	becomes zero		
	(D)	none of the above		
10	).	The logic gates are usually applied in		
	(A)	Analog electronic circuits.		
	(B)	Digital electronic circuits		
	(C)	Capacitors		
	(D)	none of the above		
11	-•	When two or more waves overlap in the same region of		
	spac	e, the resulting effects are called		
	(A)	interference		
	(B)	adhesion		
	(C)	specific heat		
	(D)	oscillation		



## قيم معدام ميناباني وطبعت قعدام خات شراكة بياناني وطبعت قعدام

12. Elec	etrons have
(A)	Waves only
(B)	Waves and mass
(C)	Mass only
	All of the above
_	If the base current of transistor npn is zero, while the cent amplification coefficient is 0.97, then the collector current omes
(A)	infinity
(B)	zero
(C)	97
	none of the above
14.	For the same net force, the ratio of the masses of two es is the inverse of the ratio of their
(A)	
	velocities
	accelerations
(D)	none of the above
15.	npn transistor can be used as an amplifier of:
(A)	
(B)	capacitance
(C)	current
(D)	none of the above
16.	In "Compton" effect, when a photon of Gamma ray
coin	cides with a moving electron, then the wavelength of the
disp	ersed photon
(A)	increases
(B)	decreases
(C)	does not change
(D)	none of the above



片月本科学技術大学 Among the following waves, the shortest wavelength are (A) Radio waves (B) X-ray waves (C) Ultraviolet waves Light waves with blue colour (D) 18. The electron microscope relies on utilization of \_\_\_\_\_. Accelerated photon waves (A) (B) Accelerated electron waves Accelerated nucleus waves (C) (D) non of the above 19. A magnet with single pole exists and should produce strong alternative magnetic field. \_\_\_\_\_. (A) Yes (B) No May be (C) (D) none of the above 20. Mutual induction is an electromagnetic effect which occurs between two coils (A) close to each others (B) far from each others (C) connected directly to each others (D) none of the above

Good Luck